but sanctioned alongwith amount sanctioned, spent, time required fc completion and also amount needed etc?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF MINISTRY OF SURFACE TRANSPORT (SHRI JAGDISH TYTLER): (a) The estimates for survey and investigation of NH-49 were sanctioned between August 1990 and August 1991.

(b) The State PWDs are conducting the surveys Upto March, 1995, Rs. 35.56 lakhs have been spent.

(c) The survey works sue likely to be completed by December, 1996. The reports will be available thereafter.

(d) In the VIII Five Year Plan, there is a provision of Rs. 31.06 crores for improvement works including realignments.

(c) and (f) The realignment wort be considered for sanction subject to availability of funds after compiet'-survey and investigations.

Extradition of Warren Anderson

2142. SHRI K.R. MALKANI: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Mr. Warren Anderson accused of culpable homicide in Union Carbide Gas poisoning in Bhopal in 1984, has jumped bail;

(b) whether it is a fact that CAQ, an investigation American magazine, recently published his address;

(c) whether Government have asked for his extradition; and

(d) if not, what arc the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS: (SHRI RAJESH PILOT): (a) to (d) The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

Militants Apprehandcd in the Country

2143. SHRI KRISHAN LAL SHARMA: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that militants responsible for burning down Charar-e- J&K had given a threat that they will spread all over the country and strike terror in metropolitan cities of

(b) if so, the number of militants ap- ied in different parts of the counce then;

action taken against them; and

(d) the names of ute States where frorr these militants have been apprehended?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI RAJESH PILOT): (a) Wnile there are reports which indicate that the militant responsible for burning down Charar-e-Sharief shrine in Jammu & Kashmir have plans to spread terror in important cities of the country, no threat has been received in this regard by Government of India.

(5) to (d) The information is being obtained from the State Governments' UTs Administrations and will be laid on the Table of the House.

Fourth Special Session on Disarmament

2144. DR. M. ARAM: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the proposal for a Fourth Special Session on Disarmament has pur
sued further by the Ministry of External Affairs;

(b) if so, when such a Conference, SSOD-IV. is likely to take place; ^nd

(c) whether the issue of total ban on Nuclear Testing will be taken up by India at the United Nations in this historic year if the 50th Anniversary of Hiroshima?

THE MINISTER OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI PRANAB MUKHER-JEE): (a) and (b) At the 49th session of the UN General Assembly, in December 1994, India put forward its initiative on the "Convening of the Fourth Special Session of the General Assembly devoted to Disarmament", which had earlier been adopted by the NAM Foreign Ministers Conference held in Cairo in June 1994. The Indian initiative was welcomed by the NAM group of countries and tabled as a NAM sponsored resolution. The General Assembly, decided by consensus, "in principle to convene in 1997, if possible, the fourth Special Session on Disarmament, the exact date to be considerd at the 50th UNGA session in 1995."

(c) The Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty (CTBT) is an item on the agenda of the forthcoming 50th session of the UN General Assembly. India has traditionally co-sponsored resolutions on the CTBT.

पेट्रोलियम आयाता में भारतीय तेल निगम का एकाधिकार

2145. **श्रीमती सुषमा स्वराज**:

श्री राम जेठमलानी :

क्या पेट्रोलियम और प्राकृतिक गैस मंत्री यह बातने की कृपा करेगे कि:

(क)क्या यह सच है कि इस समय देश में पेट्रोलिय आयाता भारतीय तेल निगम का एकधिकार है

(ख) यदि हां, तो क्या यह भी सच है कि सरकार ने हाल ही मैं गैर-सरकारी क्षेत्र को तेल शोधन कार्य आरंभ करने की अनुमति दी है,

(ग) यदि हां, तो , तो क्या सरकार भारतीय तेल निगम के वर्तमान एकाधिकार को खत्म करने के लिए गैर सरकारी तेल शोधक संगठनों को कच्चे माल का आयात करने की भी अनुमति देगी और अपनी नीति घोषित करेगी, और

(घ) यदि नहीं .तो इसके क्या कारण है और क्या यह सच नहीं है कि एकाधिकार नीति खत्म करने से और गैर-सरकारी क्षेत्र को आयात करने की अनुमति देने से सरकारी क्षेत्र के उपक्रमों में स्पर्धा बढ़ेगी और उपभोक्ता लाभान्वित होंगे?

पेट्रोलियम और प्राकृतिक गैस मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (कैप्टन सतीश शर्मा): (क) से (घ) वर्तमान निर्यात-आयात नीति 1992-97 के अनुसार इंडियन आयल कापोरेशन कच्चे तेल, मोटर स्पिरिट, उड्डयन टर्बाइन ईधन, हाई स्पीड डीजल,ईधन तेल और बिटुमेन के आयात के लिए नियंत्रक एजेंसी नामोद्दिष्ट है।

परिशोधन क्षेत्र में निजी निवेश की अनुमति दे दी गई है। उदारीकरण के भाग के रूप में सरकार ने नाफ्था , एल पी जी और एस के ओ के आयातों को भी नियंत्रण-मुक्त कर दिया है और ए टी एफ, ईधन तेल और बिटुमेन के लिए विशेष आयात लाइसेंस योजना आरंभ की है जिसके अंतर्गत कोई भी उपभोक्ता अपने उपभोग के लिए उन उत्पादों का अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय मूल्यों पर आयात कर सकता है।

निर्यात और आयात नीति की समीक्षा एक सतत प्रक्रिया है तथा जैसे ओर जब आवश्यक समझा जाए परिवर्तन किए जाते हैं।

Allocation of Funds For Implementation of Schemes

2146. SHRI SYED SIBTEY RAZI: Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have allo cated additional Rupees 213 crore for implementation of its two schemes during
the remaining period of the Eight Five Year Plan;

(b) if so, the details thereof with names of each schemes;

(c) whether such schemes are centrally sponspored schemes;

(d) whether such schemes are to be implemented through the States;

(e) if so, how the monitoring will be done;

(f) whether some advantages are to be achieved with these two schemes; and

(g)if so, the details thereof and if not,-reasons therefor?